## **ART**

## **GENERAL OBJECTIVES**

The aim of the Unified Tertiary Matriculation Examination (UTME) syllabus in Art is to prepare the candidates for the Board's examination. It is designed to test their achievement of the course objectives, which are to:

- 1. exhibit knowledge of the fundamental elements, principles and terminology of art;
- 2. demonstrate knowledge of historical dimensions of art with emphasis on Egyptian and Nigerian art;
- 3. demonstrate knowledge of artistic techniques, processes, the use of materials and maintenance of tools and equipment;
- 4. display aesthetic sensitivity to the environment and knowledge of the meaning and function of art in society.

## **DETAILED SYLLABUS**

	TOPICS/CONTENTS/NOTES		OBJECTIVES
	SECTION A		
1.	CLASSIFICATION OF ART:	Can	didates should be able to:
	<ul> <li>a. Visual Arts: (Fine and Applied Art)</li> <li>b. Performing Arts: (Music, Dance and Drama)</li> <li>c. Literary Art: (Poetry, Prose, Recitals) etc.</li> </ul>	i.	differentiate between the three branches of art;
2.	ELEMENTS AND PRINCIPLES OF DESIGN:		
	a. Elements: line, colour, shape, form, texture, tone, value, space etc.	ii.	identify the elements of design;
	b. Principles: balance, rhythm, proportion, harmony, contrast, repetition, dominance, variety, etc.	iii.	analyse the principles of design;
3.	<b>ART TERMS</b> : Pigments, motif, greenware, armature, silhouette, chiaroscuro, cireperdue, terracotta etc.	iv. v. vi.	identify art terms in illustrations; link the terms to their areas of specialization; use the terms in analyzing art-works

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	SECTION B			
1.	CULTURAL AND HISTORICAL DIMENSIONS OF ART:	Candidates should be able to:		
	a. Prehistoric, Greek and Roman Art,	i. compare their materials, styles and techniques;		
	b. Medieval Art: architecture, surface decorations and calligraphy;	ii. classify the periods and styles with emphasis on architecture, surface decoration and calligraphy;		
	c. Renaissance Art and Artists: Giotto Di Bondone, Michelangelo Buonarroti, Leonardo da Vinci, Raphael (Raffaello Santi) etc.	iii. compare the artists, their works and styles;		
	,	iv. trace the periods they emerged;		
	d. 19 <sup>th</sup> and 20 <sup>th</sup> Century art movements; Impressionism, Realism, Futurism, Cubism, Bauhaus, Pop art, Abstract, Expressionism, Fauvism, etc.	v. differentiate between the various art movements;		
		vi. analyze their styles techniques, innovations and influences;		
2.	TRADITIONAL AFRICAN ART: Egypt, Ashanti, Dogon, Mossi, Fon, Senufo, Bambara, Mende, Kisi, Bamileke, Bakumba etc.	vii. categorise works in terms of style, materials and locations;		
3.	TRADITIONAL NIGERIAN ART: Nok, Ife, Igbo-Ukwu, Benin, Esie, Igala, Jukun, Akwashi, Mbari, etc.	viii. categorise works in terms of styles, materials and locations;		
4.	NIGERIAN LOCAL CRAFTS: Pottery, woodworks, cloth-weaving, carving, leather works, metal works, beadworks, body decoration, mat and cane weaving etc.	ix. distinguish between crafts in terms of functions, characteristics and location,		
5.	DEVELOPMENT IN CONTEMPORARY NIGERIAN ARTS AND ARTISTS:			
	a. Art Schools: Zaria, Nsukka, Oshogbo	x. trace the origins, locations and styles;		
	group, etc.	xi. determine the influence of the art schools and groups;		
	b. Nigerian artists and art educators; Aina Onabolu, Ben Enwonwu, S. I. Wangboje, Jimoh Akolo, Dele Jegede, etc.	xii. assess the artists in terms of their works, specializations, techniques and styles;		

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c. d.	Museums, galleries and art centres;  Art institutions, cultural art centres, national art organizations – Nigerian Society for Education through Arts (S.N.E.A), Society for Nigerian Artists (S.N.A), National Council for Arts and Culture (N.C.A.C), etc.	xiii. analyse the functions of museums, galleries, art centres and art institutions; xiv. evaluate their impact on the development of art;
	Major Festivals: Argungu Fishing Festival, Eyo, Egungun, Iri-ji (New Yam), Durbar, Igue, Ekpo, Odo, etc. SECTION C	xv. assess their roles and functions; xvi. examine the impact of major festivals on art and culture.
	RTISTIC SKILLS, TECHNIQUES AND ROCESSES	Candidates should be conversant with:
a. b.	Two-Dimensional Art: drawing, painting, graphics and textile design.  Perspective:	<ul> <li>the techniques, skills and processes with emphasis on tone, composition and colour application;</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>i. Linear, angular, aerial, parallel etc.</li> <li>ii. Perspective terms: foreground, picture plane, eye-level vanishing point, foreshortening, optical illusion, dept etc.</li> </ul>	<ul><li>ii. the types of perspective;</li><li>iii. the use of perspective rules and terms;</li><li>iv. techniques, skills and processes with emphasis on composition and forms;</li></ul>
c. d.	Sculpture, ceramics and crafts,  Computer Graphics: Corel Draw	v. the basic tools of designs;
2. TOOLS, EQUIPMENT AND MATERIALS		Candidates should be able to:
a.	Two-dimensional Art Materials: pencils charcoal, pastel/crayon, fixatives, fabric, dyes, lino, wood blocks etc.	vi. use art materials and tools;
b.	Two-Dimensional Art Tools: brushes, lino cutters, drawing instruments, calligraphy, pens, sharpeners, etc;	vii. maintain tools and art materials;
c.	Two-Dimensional Art Equipment: air compressor, spray gun, enlarger, computer etc.	viii. operate art equipment; ix. maintain art equipment;

	T	OPICS/CONTENTS/NOTES		OBJECTIVES
		Improvisation of materials:  Two-Dimensional Art: colours, brushes, calligraphy etc.	x.	improvise alternative local materials for use;
	j	i. Three-Dimensional Art: spatula, kiln, beater, etc.		
3.	PR	ACTICAL DRAWING		
	Stil	ll life, nature or imaginative composition.	xi.	demonstrate their drawing skills within a maximum of 30 minutes;
		SECTION D		
1.	AR	T APPRECIATION	Ca	ndidates should be able to:
		Man-made objects: architecture and sculpture	i.	be aware of the existence of natural and man- made aesthetic phenomena in the Nigeria environment;
		Natural phenomena: Zuma Rock, Ikogosi Warm Springs, etc.	ii.	differentiate between natural and man-made aesthetic phenomena;
2.	2. MEANING AND FUNCTIONS OF ART IN SOCIETY			
	a.	What art is	iii.	examine the meaning and functions of art;
		Functions of art in society: religious, social, cultural, political, therapeutic and economic needs,	iv.	use art as a medium of enhancing societal values;
		Functions of art in television: advertising, educational recreational, etc.	v.	assess the role of art in multimedia.

## **RECOMMENDED TEXTS**

- Banjoko I. (2000). *Visual Arts made Easy*: Textbook for Schools and Colleges, Lagos, Movic Publishing Company Ltd.
- Egonwa, O.D. (1991). *African Art*: A contemporary Source Book, Benin: Osasu Publishers.
- Eguilae, S.A. (1985). *The Essential Ground work in Art and Design*, Omotola Standard Press and Bookshop (Nig) Ltd.
- Erese, U. O. and Ogunsina E. D. (1989). *Creative Arts and Crafts for J. S. S.* Onibonoje Press.
- Nahab, S. J. (2003). Art of the Millennium for Senior Secondary Schools, Ehindero (Nig.) Ltd.
- Ogumor, E. (1993). *Certificate Art for Junior Secondary Schools and Senior Secondary Schools*, Ibadan: University Press Plc.
- Olaosebikan W. A. (1982). Cultural and Creative Arts, Evans
- Olurukooba, B. K. (1991). Art for Senior Secondary Schools, ABU
- Wangboje, I. N. (1982). A Textbook on Art for Junior and Senior Secondary Schools, Evans
- Wisdomline Pass at Once JAMB.